

# COUNTY OF YOLO DAVIS, CALIFORNIA

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

JAMES MARTA & COMPANY LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Davis Joint Unified School District Davis, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Davis Joint Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund and the Charter School Fund, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Pension Contributions, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The *supplementary information as listed in the table of contents* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The *supplementary information* is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the *supplementary information* is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

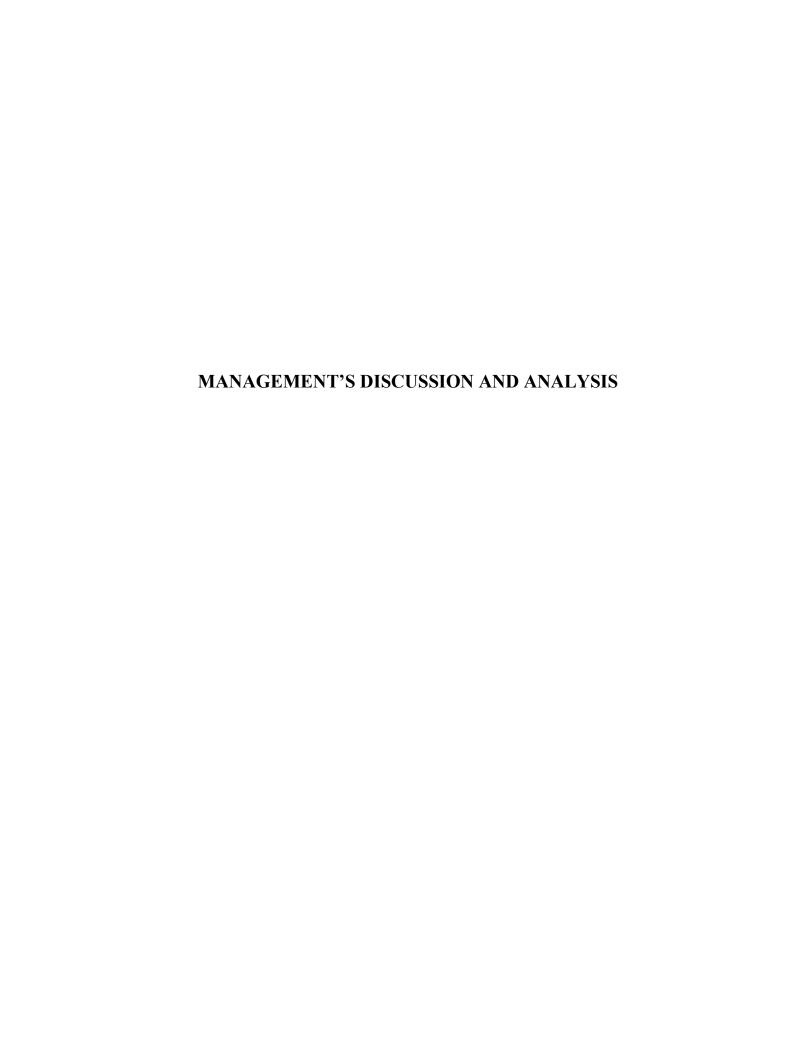
James Marta + Company LLP

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2024, on our consideration of District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

March 8, 2024



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Section of the audit report is District management's overall view of the District's financial condition and provides an opportunity to discuss important fiscal issues with the Board and the public. The MD&A is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in this document.

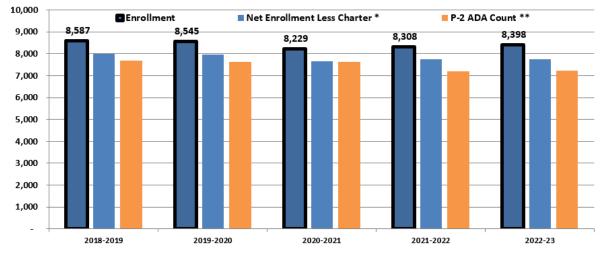
#### **District Overview**

Davis Joint Unified School District (the "District") is located in Solano and Yolo Counties. The District provides educational services to the residents in and around Davis, California. The District operates under the jurisdiction of the Yolo County Superintendent of Schools. Over 25% of enrolled students are English Learners, foster youth, or eligible for free or reduced-price meals.

For fiscal year 2022-2023, the District operated five elementary schools (grades TK-6), three elementary schools (grades K-6), one elementary school (grades K-3), three junior high schools (grades 7-9), one comprehensive high school (grades 10-12), one dependent charter school (grades 7-12), one continuation high school, one independent study program, one adult school, one preschool program, and a teacher credentialing program. As of June 30, 2023, the District employed 600 certificated employees and 514 classified employees.

For the 2022-2023 school year, the District's October enrollment for grades TK-12 was 8,398, an increase from 2021-2022 of 90 students. The graph below shows the District's enrollment trend, including charter school enrollment. Between 2018-2019 and 2019-2020, District enrollment steadily declined year over year, while average daily attendance (ADA) remained constant at nearly 96%. In 2020-2021, during distance learning, District enrollment dropped over 300 students and ADA was not collected. The District is funded based on its ADA, which is tracked daily with staff following up on areas of concern. Despite enrollment gains, 2022-2023 ADA was only 93.6% as a result of COVID-19 pandemic related absences. The State of California provided relief to school districts for pandemic ADA impacts.

## **Enrollment Compared to Average Daily Attendance**



<sup>\*</sup> Enrollment is as of California Basic Educational Data System (CBEDS) date in October each year

<sup>\*\*</sup> P-2 ADA is collected as of the last full school month ending on or before April 15<sup>th</sup> except in 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 Source: California Department of Education

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

## **Governance**

The District is governed by a Board of Education consisting of five community members and two student representatives. Community members are elected to staggered four-year terms every two years. Students serve for a single school year. Board member elections for four-year terms are held among voters who reside in each of five Trustee areas.

### **District Mission and Board Goals**

The mission of the District, a leading center of educational innovation, is to ignite a love of learning and equip each student with the knowledge, skills, character, and well-being to thrive and contribute to an evolving and increasingly connected world, through a system characterized by:

- Optimal conditions and environments for all students to learn
- A team of talented, resourceful, and caring staff
- Transforming teaching, learning, and operations in our continuing pursuit of excellence
- Resourceful, transparent, and responsible fiscal planning, and
- A diverse and inclusive culture

This mission statement is the basis and guiding principles of the District.

#### **Board Goals:**

- Develop 21st Century Teaching and Learning Environments: Creating safe and inclusive educational environments and practices designed to foster robust academic programs that engender the District Graduate Profile competencies in all students.
- Close Achievement and Opportunity Gaps: Employing an equity lens to ensure that current and future needs of those furthest from success and opportunity are always included in our decision-making and daily efforts.
- Build Skills to Promote Social/Emotional Health: Recognizing and developing social and emotional skills in students to increase academic success, improved behaviors and relationships, deeper connections to School, and happiness in adulthood.
- Offer Excellent Programs for All Students: Understanding student needs and preferences and evaluating current and future offerings to create optimal opportunities for all students to engage and thrive.
- Achieve Fiscal Sustainability: Achieving the Goals of the District in a financially responsible, transparent and sustainable manner, while increasing fiscal literacy throughout the community.

## **Graduate Profile**

Each year, an average of 700 students graduates from District high schools. The District's Graduate Profile defines 21<sup>st</sup> Century Learning by specifying the six outcomes that the District's community believes are important for student success in college, career, and beyond: critical thinking and problem

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

solving; creativity and innovation; civic and cultural awareness; adaptability and resilience; collaboration; and communication.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section); (2) the financial statements; and (3) required supplementary information.

The remainder of the MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

The financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District: district-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detail.

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, operations, and administration. State support from Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) and categorical apportionments finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District does not currently have any business-type activities.

These two financial statements start on page 14.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that report on the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. These statements begin on page 18.

The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

## **District-wide Financial Condition**

The Statement of Net Position is a district-wide financial statement that reports all that the District owns (assets) and owes (liabilities). Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or declining.

Fiscal year 2002-2003 was the first year the District accounted for the value of capital assets and included these values as part of the financial statements. Capital assets include land, buildings, site improvements, equipment, and work in progress. We display the book value of all district assets including buildings and equipment, and related depreciation, in this financial statement. Land is accounted for at purchase cost, not market value, and is not depreciated. Many of our school sites have low values because the District acquired the land over five decades ago. School buildings are valued at their historical construction cost less depreciation.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

Comparative financial information as of June 30 from the Statement of Net Position is summarized in the following table:

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

June 30,		Percentage	
2023	2022	Change	Change
\$ 154,606,438	\$ 178,062,541	\$ (23,456,103)	-13.17%
178,729,791	152,951,789	25,778,002	16.85%
333,336,229	331,014,330	2,321,899	0.70%
57,519,473	26,283,569	31,235,904	118.84%
27,684,671	28,706,951	(1,022,280)	-3.56%
303,646,191	285,836,502	17,809,689	6.23%
331,330,862	314,543,453	16,787,409	5.34%
57,813,215	55,252,145	2,561,070	4.64%
42,909,072	16,592,978	26,316,094	158.60%
131,308,843	76,920,465	54,388,378	70.71%
(172,506,290)	(106,011,142)	(66,495,148)	62.72%
\$ 1,711,625	\$ (12,497,699)	\$ 14,209,324	-113.70%
	2023 \$ 154,606,438 178,729,791 333,336,229 57,519,473 27,684,671 303,646,191 331,330,862 57,813,215 42,909,072 131,308,843 (172,506,290)	2023     2022       \$ 154,606,438     \$ 178,062,541       178,729,791     152,951,789       333,336,229     331,014,330       57,519,473     26,283,569       27,684,671     28,706,951       303,646,191     285,836,502       331,330,862     314,543,453       57,813,215     55,252,145       42,909,072     16,592,978       131,308,843     76,920,465       (172,506,290)     (106,011,142)	2023         2022         Change           \$ 154,606,438         \$ 178,062,541         \$ (23,456,103)           178,729,791         152,951,789         25,778,002           333,336,229         331,014,330         2,321,899           57,519,473         26,283,569         31,235,904           27,684,671         28,706,951         (1,022,280)           303,646,191         285,836,502         17,809,689           331,330,862         314,543,453         16,787,409           57,813,215         55,252,145         2,561,070           42,909,072         16,592,978         26,316,094           131,308,843         76,920,465         54,388,378           (172,506,290)         (106,011,142)         (66,495,148)

At the end of fiscal year 2022-2023, the District had a total value of \$300,886,549 in capital assets. Total accumulated depreciation amounted to \$122,156,758. Net capital assets totaled \$178,729,791, an increase of \$25,778,002 from the prior year. This is a result of more capital projects being completed using Measure M General Obligation Bond proceeds.

Other assets include cash, investments, receivables, and stores inventory. A net decrease in other assets of \$23,456,103 is mostly a result of spending Measure M proceeds on capital projects.

Current and other liabilities include accounts payable and unearned revenue, which decreased \$1,022,280 from the prior year due to the completion of construction of capital projects.

The District ended the year with a total of \$331,330862 in outstanding obligations. The increase in total liabilities of \$16,787,409 was from increases in net pension and total other post-employment benefit liabilities, as a result of market rate changes, offset by debt payments, and reclassification of Premiums to Deferred In-flow of Resources.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

The Statement of Activities is a district-wide financial statement that reports the District's cost of instruction and other district activities, and the resources that fund individual and general activities of the District. Comparative financial information for the year ended June 30 is presented in the following table:

Condensed Statement of Activities for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

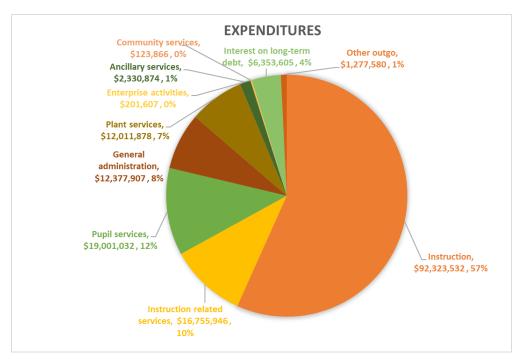
	2023	2022	Change	Percentage Change
Revenues	 		 	8.
Charges for services	\$ 341,447	\$ 2,256,793	\$ (1,915,346)	-84.9%
Operating grants and contributions	41,316,136	44,646,316	(3,330,180)	-7.5%
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,680,785	2,191,429	3,489,356	159.2%
Taxes levied for general purposes	42,523,788	40,479,110	2,044,678	5.1%
Taxes levied for debt services	19,213,089	18,199,497	1,013,592	5.6%
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	15,893,904	15,021,852	872,052	5.8%
Federal and state aid not restricted				
for specific purposes	49,700,820	40,216,951	9,483,869	23.6%
Interest and investment earnings (losses)	1,865,249	(4,526,791)	6,392,040	-141.2%
Miscellaneous	431,933	815,183	(383,250)	-47.0%
Total revenues	176,967,151	159,300,340	17,666,811	11.1%
Expenses				
Instruction	92,323,532	71,097,018	21,226,514	29.9%
Instruction related services	16,755,946	13,395,016	3,360,930	25.1%
Pupil services	19,001,032	16,034,251	2,966,781	18.5%
General administration	12,377,907	11,227,917	1,149,990	10.2%
Plant services	12,011,878	12,252,742	(240,864)	-2.0%
Ancillary services	2,330,874	2,381,193	(50,319)	-2.1%
Community services	123,866	100,018	23,848	23.8%
Enterprise activities	201,607	-	201,607	100%
Interest on long-term debt	6,353,605	6,601,394	(247,789)	-3.8%
Other outgo	1,277,580	983,222	294,358	29.9%
Total expenses	 162,757,827	134,072,771	 28,685,056	21.4%
Change in net position	\$ 14,209,324	\$ 25,227,569	\$ (11,018,245)	-43.7%
Net Position - Beginning	(12,497,699)	(37,725,268)	25,227,569	-66.9%
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,711,625	\$(12,497,699)	\$ 14,209,324	-113.7%

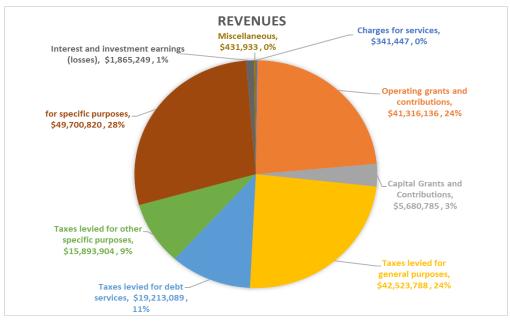
The District overall experienced a \$14,209,324 increase in net position. Total revenues increased 11.1%, or \$17,666,811, as compared to 2022-2023, while total expenditures increased by 21.4%, or \$28,685,056.

This year's increases in Instruction and Instruction-Related and Pupil Services' spending is attributed to the district's negotiations with member units for salary increases, both one-time and ongoing. Instruction also saw an increase in the deprecation allocated to its function. The charts below show the percentage share of expenditures by function and revenues by source as shown in the Statement of Activities.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**





## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds. A fund consists of a self-balancing set of accounts that the District uses to track specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes (such as cafeteria funds) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as community facility funds).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out; and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the district-wide statements. Enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District does not currently have any business-type activities. Internal service funds (another type of proprietary fund) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund, the Self-Insurance Fund.
- <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

## **General Fund Financial and Budgetary Highlights**

The General Fund accounts for the primary operations of the District. The District's initial budget is adopted by July 1. Over the course of the year, the District's budget is revised several times to account for revised and new categorical funding appropriations and related expenditures, and to update budgets for prior year carryover amounts. The budget may also be revised to reflect mid-year changes to the State Budget which affect district funding. Additionally, the District is required to prepare expenditure reports and must include multi-year projections at least twice a year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

The following table summarizes the General Fund budget to actual information for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Adopted Budget	Year End Budget	Actual
Total Revenues	\$122,405,766	\$131,693,050	\$131,943,517
Total Expenditures	\$123,555,700	\$131,752,453	\$128,621,191
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$3,494,607	(\$70,000)	(\$20,000)

The net revenue increase between Adopted and Year End Budget was \$9,287,284, due to current year budgets for categorical funds, which are budgeted as grant award documents are received, including one-time resources. Also, the budgets for prior year unspent restricted and unrestricted program funds (carryover) are appropriated mid-year.

The net increase to the total expenditure budget between Adopted and Year End Budget was \$8,196,753, due to revisions to set up expenditures related to the one-time funds described above and the categorical program funds, which are budgeted after July 1 as grant award documents are received and school site plans are approved.

Actual revenues were \$250,467 greater than the Year End Budget, due to the timing of revenue recognition. Actual expenditures were \$3,131,262 below Year End Budget, due to unspent categorical revenue and one-time resources with multiyear expenditure periods that were budgeted to be spent in 2022-2023.

The following table summarizes the General Fund operational fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Total Revenues	\$ 131,943,517
Total Expenditures	\$ 128,621,191
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	\$ (20,000)
Net Change	\$ 3,302,326

## **District Reserves and Net Ending Balance**

Revenues that have not been expended during a budget year are carried over for expenditure in the subsequent year and are identified as the District's "Net Ending Balance." Included within the projected net ending balance is a "reserve for economic uncertainties." The State requires districts of our size to retain an amount equal to 3% of our budgeted expenditures to cover unforeseen shortfalls in revenues or expenditures greater than budgeted. Also included in the net ending balance are carryover balances that originated from sources that can only be used for specific purposes. These "restricted" resources can only be spent on the purposes determined by the grantor, and the balances in these accounts carry the same restrictions as the originating revenue.

The District also has the option of committing or assigning the ending balance. Committing funds requires the Board of Education to designate the funds for any purpose by a majority vote at a Board meeting. Once the funds are committed, the amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraints for the committed funds. The Board did not take any action in 2022-2023 to commit funds. Assigned ending balances are constrained by the District's

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

intent but are neither restricted nor committed. An example of assignment is designating the ending balance to be used for a future textbook adoption.

The chart below represents the District's financial analysis of its Governmental and Proprietary Funds:

Ending Fund Balances	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-22	Variance
Fund 01 General	\$ 21,320,031	\$ 18,017,705	\$ 3,302,326
Fund 08 Student Activity Special Revenue	158,237	181,268	(23,031)
Fund 09 Charter Schools	1,593,017	1,172,650	420,367
Fund 11 Adult Education	187,137	233,111	(45,974)
Fund 12 Child Development	153,745	72,138	81,607
Fund 13 Cafeteria	2,488,144	730,842	1,757,302
Fund 21 Building	54,951,490	76,143,620	(21,192,130)
Fund 25 Capital Facilities	3,691,909	5,381,224	(1,689,315)
Fund 35 County School Facilities	8,698,268	11,054,347	(2,356,079)
Fund 40 Special Reserve	28,085,359	27,657,757	427,602
Fund 49 Capital Project for Blended Component Units	1,460,849	1,857,134	(396,285)
Fund 51 Bond Interest and Redemption	7,801,701	6,529,655	1,272,046
Fund 52 Debt Service for Blended Component Units	8,160,374	12,788,812	(4,628,438)
Fund 67 Self Insurance	244,931	283,987	(39,056)

## **Capital Projects**

In 2018, voters approved Measure M, a \$150 million general obligation bond measure. By 2021, the District issued all of the authorized bonds at a savings to taxpayers. The District continues facility improvements, modernization and construction projects that enhance the learning environment. The proceeds are intended to:

- Improve campus safety and security at all schools
- Modernize science, technology, engineering, arts and math classrooms and labs
- Update classrooms, science labs, innovation labs, athletic and other school facilities to meet current academic and safety standards
- Keep schools clean, well-maintained and in good condition
- Replace aging plumbing and electrical systems
- Improve school access for students and staff with disabilities and inclusiveness for all students

On March 19, 2020, the Board of Education reprioritized the Bond Program projects as Signature Projects to be completed from Measure M funding prior to 2025. Signature Projects include:

- Emerson/Da Vinci Junior High School Science Classrooms\*
- Birch Lane\*, César Chávez\*, North Davis\*, and Willett\* Elementary Multipurpose Rooms
- Early Learning Center at the Korematsu Campus\*
- DaVinci High School Tech Hub\*
- Davis High School STEM Building
- Davis High School Aquatic Center

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

All other Bond Program projects were prioritized beyond 2025. As of June 30, 2023, the District spent \$98,567,301 to date of Measure M funds on these projects and completed the projects noted with an asterisk (\*) above.

#### **District Indebtedness**

As of June 30, 2023, the District incurred \$313,155,360 in long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$148,665,000 are General Obligation Bonds backed by property tax increases voted on by District residents in 2000 and 2018 (reported in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund), and \$36,755,003 are Certificates of Participation, backed by community facility funds (reported in the Capital Project for Blended Component Units Fund).

Over 32% of the long-term debt is related to the investment in employees' post-retirement. The District offers postretirement health benefits (OPEB) to eligible retirees until age 65. The recognized total OPEB liability decreased by \$1,061,268 to \$19,700,366, while the net pension liability for State Teacher's and Public Employer's Retirement Funds increased by \$39,040,825 to \$101,730,825.

## **Financial Outlook**

Issues facing the District in the years ahead include declining enrollment, increasing operating expenditures such as mandated pension contributions, facilities for program expansion for early learners, staffing shortages, and reducing expenditures to balance the budget with reduced revenues and fund balance. The development of future budgets will be influenced by external variables such as enrollment changes, the State Budget, and renewal of a parcel tax that currently supports quality schools and maintains educational programs and services on every campus.

The District's 2023-2024 First Interim multiyear projections indicate that the District will be able to meet its financial obligations for the current and subsequent two years.

## Contacting the District's Financial Management

If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact Bruce Colby, Deputy Superintendent of Business Services, at (530) 757-5300 ext. 122, or email business@djusd.net.



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
ABBLID	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 143,377,093
Investments	
Receivables	11,054,574
Prepaid expenses	151,013
Stores inventory	23,758
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	178,729,791
Total Assets	333,336,229
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred loss from refunding of debt	475,903
Deferred outflows on pensions (Note 7)	53,239,639
Deferred outflows on OPEB (Note 8)	3,803,931
Total Deferred Outflows	57,519,473
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	16,698,544
Unearned revenue	1,476,958
Long-term liabilities:	, ,
Due within one year	9,509,169
Due in more than one year	303,646,191
Total Liabilities	331,330,862
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred COP premium revenue	221,583
Deferred bond premium revenue	6,840,006
Deferred inflows on pensions (Note 7)	43,570,947
Deferred inflows on OPEB (Note 8)	7,180,679
Total Deferred Inflows	57,813,215
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	42,909,072
Restricted	131,308,843
Unrestricted	(172,506,290)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,711,625

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

									Re	t (Expense) venues and Changes in
				P	rogr	am Revenues	S		N	et Position
					(	Operating		Capital		
				Charges for Grants and			G	Frants and	Go	vernmental
	]	Expenses		rvices	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities										
Instruction	\$	92,323,532	\$	257,260	\$	26,504,827	\$	5,680,785	\$	(59,880,660)
Instruction-related services:										
Instructional supervision and										
administration		4,890,538		123		1,403,184		-		(3,487,231)
Instructional library, media and										
technology		2,778,120		446		101,969		-		(2,675,705)
School site administration		9,087,288		2,151		966,652		-		(8,118,485)
Pupil Services:										
Home-to-school transportation		1,189,130		-		258,662		-		(930,468)
Food services		4,343,354		33,463		4,932,804		-		622,913
All other pupil services		13,468,548		2,194		2,091,021		-		(11,375,333)
General administration:										
Centralized data processing		2,498,507		-		10,793		-		(2,487,714)
All other general administration		9,879,400		10,906		1,375,475		-		(8,493,019)
Plant services		12,011,878		28,139	553,346		-			(11,430,393)
Ancillary services		2,330,874		5,902		748,047				(1,576,925)
Community services		123,866		-		-		-		(123,866)
Enterprise activities		201,607		-		-		-		(201,607)
Interest on long-term debt		6,353,605		-		-		-		(6,353,605)
Other outgo		1,277,580		863		2,369,356		-		1,092,639
Total governmental activities	\$	162,757,827	\$	341,447	\$	41,316,136	\$	5,680,785		(115,419,459)
	Gene	ral Revenues								
	Tax	es and subven	tions:							
	T	axes levied for	general	purposes						42,523,788
Taxes levied for debt service										19,213,089
Taxes levied for other specific purposes										15,893,904
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes										49,700,820
Interest and investment earnings (losses)										1,865,249
	Miscellaneous									431,933
	T	otal General R	evenues							129,628,783
	Cha	ange in Net Pos	sition							14,209,324
	Net	Position, July	1, 2022							(12,497,699)
	Net	Position, June	30, 2023	3					\$	1,711,625

# **BALANCE SHEET**

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

ASSETS	General Fund		Charter School Fund	Building Fund	•	ecial Reserve for Capital utlay Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	 Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Stores inventory	\$ 20,391,216 9,202,562 8,184,943 151,013	\$	6,534,598 202,130 988,363	\$ 55,178,842 2,351 240,573	\$	28,085,359 - - - -	\$ 32,980,147 1,647,531 6,031,068 - 23,758	\$ 143,170,162 11,054,574 15,444,947 151,013 23,758
Total Assets  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 37,929,734	\$	7,725,091	\$ 55,421,766	\$	28,085,359	\$ 40,682,504	\$ 169,844,454
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 12,740,693 2,585,950 1,283,060 16,609,703	\$	158,621 5,857,562 115,891 6,132,074	\$ 364,587 105,689 - 470,276	\$	- - -	\$ 859,535 6,934,246 78,007 7,871,788	\$ 14,123,436 15,483,447 1,476,958 31,083,841
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	201,013 15,539,751 1,732,715 3,846,552 21,320,031	-	842,433 750,584 - 1,593,017	54,951,490 - - 54,951,490	· <del></del>	27,202,079 883,280 - 28,085,359	34,545 32,773,090 3,081 - 32,810,716	 235,558 131,308,843 3,369,660 3,846,552 138,760,613
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 37,929,734	\$	7,725,091	\$ 55,421,766	\$	28,085,359	\$ 40,682,504	\$ 169,844,454

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### **JUNE 30, 2023**

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 138,760,613

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

 Capital assets at historical cost
 \$ 300,886,549

 Accumulated depreciation
 (122,156,758)

 Net
 178,729,791

Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and

deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

244,931

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.

(2,574,608)

Unamortized premiums and discounts: In governmental funds, bond premiums are recognized as revenues in the period they are received while bond discounts are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized premiums and discounts at year-end consist of:

Unamortized portion of COP premiums (221,583)
Unamortized portion of bond premiums (6,840,006)
Unamortized portion of loss on refunding 475,903

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Net pension liabilities \$ 101,730,825

General obligation bonds payable:
Current Interest
Net OPEB liability
Lease payable

148,665,000 19,700,360 888,672 36,755,003 724,614

4,060,000

630,886

Compensated absences payable Special Tax Bonds PG&E Energy Loan

Certificates of Participation

(313,155,360)

1.711.625

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB 3,803,931
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB (7,180,679)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pension are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions 53,239,639

Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions (43,570,947)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Total net position - governmental activities

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ge ne ral Fund	Charter School Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	 Total
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 82,567,167	\$ 6,331,916	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,899,083
Federal revenue	5,816,078	-	-	-	2,525,815	8,341,893
Other state revenues	20,095,402	1,017,518	1 004 505	-	10,092,171	31,205,091
Other local revenues	23,464,870	249,401	1,894,505	427,602	22,472,023	 48,508,401
Total revenues	131,943,517	7,598,835	1,894,505	427,602	35,090,009	 176,954,468
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries	53,418,495	2,862,770	-	-	688,935	56,970,200
Classified salaries	22,986,783	529,633	513,061	-	2,964,176	26,993,653
Employee benefits	28,452,777	1,225,097	195,088	-	1,371,049	31,244,011
Books and supplies	4,551,834	228,007	220,114	-	2,471,176	7,471,131
Services and other operating					-	
expenditures	16,608,986	2,320,007	1,153,997	-	858,807	20,941,797
Capital outlay	909,222	-	21,004,375	-	11,796,751	33,710,348
Other outgo	1,044,023	11,329	-	-	323,072	1,378,424
Debt service expenditures						
Principal	612,348	-	-	-	13,571,607	14,183,955
Interest	36,723				7,338,059	 7,374,782
Total expenditures	128,621,191	7,176,843	23,086,635		41,383,632	 200,268,301
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	3,322,326	421,992	(21,192,130)	427,602	(6,293,623)	 (23,313,833)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	1,920,000	1,920,000
Operating transfers out	(20,000)	-	-	-	(1,900,000)	(1,920,000)
Proceeds from lease liabilities	1,681,275	-	-	-	-	1,681,275
Proceeds from certificates of participation	349,562	-	-	-	-	349,562
Other sources	(2,030,837)	-	-	-	-	(2,030,837)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,000)	-			20,000	 -
Net change in fund balances	3,302,326	421,992	(21,192,130)	427,602	(6,273,623)	(23,313,833)
Fund balances, July 1, 2022	18,017,705	1,171,025	76,143,620	27,657,757	39,084,339	 162,074,446
Fund balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 21,320,031	\$ 1,593,017	\$ 54,951,490	\$ 28,085,359	\$ 32,810,716	\$ 138,760,613

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$(23,313,833)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:		
Expenditures for capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 33,581,050 (7,803,048)	25,778,002
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:		14,945,243
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recognized as an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements until paid. In the statement of activities, accreted interest is recognized as an expense as the capital appreciation bonds accrete in value. The net amount of accreted interest		(46,505)
recognized in the current year was:		(46,787)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:		254,182
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:		(1,092,450)
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made in		(1,0)2,100)
the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:		(3,158,137)
Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement		
of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:		(39,056)
Compensated absences in governmental funds are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:		236,825
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other		
Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt.		645,335
Total change in net position - governmental activities		\$ 14,209,324

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

	Self-Insurance Fund	
ASSETS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current Assets		
Cash in County Treasury (Note 2)	\$ 206,931	
Due from other funds	50,000	
Total Current Assets	256,931	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Due to other funds	12,000	
Total Current Liabilities	12,000	
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	244,931	
Net Position	\$ 244,931	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Self-Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Interdistrict premiums	\$ 5,727
Total operating revenues	5,727
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Insurance expense	38,148
Claims expense	6,635
Total operating expenses	44,783
Operating Income (loss)	(39,056)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Transfers in	
Total non-operating revenues	<del></del>
Change in Net Position	(39,056)
Net Position - Beginning, July 1, 2022	283,987
Net Position - Ending, June 30, 2023	\$ 244,931

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Self-	Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_
Cash receipts from premiums	\$	5,727
Cash payments for insurance and claims		(44,641)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(38,914)
Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(38,914)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		245,845
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	206,931
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	(39,056)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operations:		
Increase/(Decrease) in:		
Due to other funds		973
Accounts payables		(831)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(38,914)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# TRUST FUND

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

	Foundation Trust	
ASSETS		
Cash in county treasury (note 2)	\$	121,840
Receivables		11,500
Due from other funds		500
Total assets	\$	133,840
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	3,500
Total liabilities	\$	3,500
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	\$	130,340

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## TRUST FUND

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Foundation Trust	
Additions		
Donations	\$	37,850
Interest income		1,768
Total additions		39,618
Deductions		
Scholarships		28,400
Change in net position		11,218
Net position, beginning of year		119,122
Net position, end of year	\$	130,340

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Davis Joint Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's California School Accounting Manual. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. For state entitlement programs, the District has elected to match the revenues in the period that program expenditures are made to be consistent with the accounting for grants and other revenues.

### **B. REPORTING ENTITY**

The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The District and Davis Schools Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the Corporation as a blended component unit of the District. The financial activity of the Corporation has been included in the basic financial statements of the District as the Debt Service Fund.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Corporation which satisfy GASB Codification Section 2100 criteria:

## A - Manifestations of Oversight

- 1. The Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- 2. The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent functions as an agent of the Corporation. This individual receives no additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- 3. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation.

## B - Accountability for Fiscal Matters

- 1. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- 2. Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payment of the District. Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

- 3. It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Corporation.
- 4. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.
- C Scope of Public Service
- 1. The Corporation was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.

### C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The government-wide statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two presented as net position. Net position is reported as one of three categories: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted or unrestricted.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense function. Interest on long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met.

## **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

## **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used, or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

## E. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District funds and account groups are as follows:

## Governmental Funds

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all transactions except those required or permitted by law to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

- 1. Student Activity Fund is used to account for the raising and expending of ASB money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experience of the student body.
- 2. Charter School Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the resources of charter school operations.
- 3. Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for federal, state and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

## E. FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

- 4. *Child Development Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the child development program.
- 5. Cafeteria Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeterias.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of all major governmental general fixed assets. The District maintains the following capital projects funds:

- 1. *Building Fund* is used primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.
- 2. *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for community redevelopment agency revenues and capital outlay expenditures.
- 3. *County School Facilities Fund* is used to primarily to account for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070.10 et seq.).
- 4. Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects Fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).
- 5. Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units Fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

*Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The District maintains the following debt service funds:

- 1. Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is debt service fund maintained by the County Treasurer and is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, District bonds, interest, and related costs.
- 2. Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The *Self-Insurance Fund* is an internal service fund which is used to cover deductibles and other insurance liability risks. The principal operating revenues for the self-insurance fund are premiums received and related income.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## E. FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as trustee. This fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. This fund is custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

The Trust Funds are used to account separately for gifts or bequests that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs. This classification consists of the Scholarship Trust Funds.

#### F. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Board of Education must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Board of Trustees satisfied these requirements.

The District employs budgetary control by major object code and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for unanticipated revenues and expenditures. The originally adopted and final revised budget for the General Fund is presented as required supplementary information.

#### G. INVENTORY

Inventory in the Cafeteria fund consists mainly of consumable supplies held for future use and are valued at average cost. Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools. Maintenance and other supplies held for physical plant repair, transportation supplies, and operating supplies are not included in inventories; rather, these amounts are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The cafeteria fund records supplies expense which includes a handling charge for the delivery of government surplus food commodities. The state does not require the Cafeteria Fund to record the fair market value of these commodities. The supplies expenditures would have been greater had the District paid fair market value for the government surplus commodities.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

### H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are those purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more and are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expenses as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using the straight-line basis over 3-30 years.

### I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All vacation pay plus related payroll taxes are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### J. ACCUMULATED SICK LEAVE

Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value in the government-wide statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized during the current period.

#### L. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriate for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

## M. UNEARNED REVENUE

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that the qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### N. PROPERTY TAX

The District's local control funding formula is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

Secured property taxes are levied as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments, on December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Solano bills and collects the taxes for the District.

Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local control funding formula (LCFF) sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the state apportionment.

#### O. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

## P. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### O. ELIMINATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### R. FUND BALANCE RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the District is required to report fund balances in the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and/or Unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (e.g. prepaid expense) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be used only for the *specific purposes* determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority: the Board of Trustees. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes of which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned, respectively.

#### S. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### T. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Davis Joint Unified School District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and CalSTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### U. FINANCING LEASES

A lease is defined as a contract that coveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The long-term liability and corresponding asset for financial leases are recorded in the financial statements to the extent that the District's lease capitalization threshold is met, \$3,000,000. Amortization of related assets using the straight-line method over the life of the contract. As of June 30, 2023, the District did not have any financial leases that met the threshold.

## V. SUBSCRPTION BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS (SBITA)

A SBITA is defined as a contract that coveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The long-term liability and corresponding asset for SBITAs are recorded in the financial statements to the extent that the District's capitalization threshold is met, \$3,000,000. Amortization of related assets using the straight-line method over the life of the contract. As of June 30, 2023, the District did not have any financial leases that met the threshold.

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Activities		Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Activities		Total
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 142,942,107	\$	206,931	\$143,149,038	\$	121,840	\$ 143,270,878
Cash in revolving fund	50,000		-	50,000		-	50,000
Cash on hand and in banks	177,280		-	177,280		-	177,280
Cash awaiting deposit	775		-	775		-	775
Total cash and investments	\$ 143,170,162	\$	206,931	\$143,377,093	\$	121,840	\$ 143,498,158

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Pooled Funds - Cash in County Treasury:** In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the interest-bearing Yolo County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's prorate share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Pooled Funds - Local Agency Investment Fund: The District places certain funds with the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The District is a voluntary participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California and the Pooled Money Investment Board. The State Treasurer's Office pools these funds with those of other governmental agencies in the state and invests the cash. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements based upon the District's prorate share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The monies held in the pooled investments funds are not subject to categorization by risk category. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Funds are accessible and transferable to the master account within twenty-four hours' notice. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, and floating rate securities issued by Federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises and corporations. LAIF is administered by the State Treasurer. LAIF investments are audited annually by the Pooled Money Investment Board and the State Controller's Office. Copies of this audit may be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office: 915 Capitol Mall; Sacramento, California 95814. The Pooled Money Investment Board has established policies, goals, and objectives to make certain that their goal of safety, liquidity and yield are not jeopardized.

**Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk:** The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's accounts were \$168,553 and the bank balances were \$161,623, of which \$0 was uninsured.

**Cash with Fiscal Agent:** Cash with Fiscal Agent represents funds held by Fiscal Agents restricted for capital projects and repayment of debt. The District holds their funds with the Yolo County Treasurer. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Interest Rate Risk:** The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2023, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

**Credit Risk:** The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

**Concentration of Credit Risk:** The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2023, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

## 3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year-end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

## Interfund Receivables/Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Interfund			Interfund		
	R	Receivables		Payables		
Major Funds:						
General Fund	\$	8,184,943	\$	2,585,950		
Charter School Fund		988,363		5,857,562		
Building Fund		240,573		105,689		
Nonmajor Funds:						
Adult Education Fund		43,977		206,984		
Capital Projects for Blended						
Component Units Fund		1,902,248		1,914,631		
Capital Facilities Fund		2,800,894		1,165,811		
Debt Service for Blended						
Component Units Fund		-		1,900,000		
Child Development Fund		130,924		205,518		
Cafeteria Fund		1,153,025		1,541,302		
Total Governmental Funds		15,444,947		15,483,447		
Self-Insurance Fund		50,000		12,000		
Foundation Private-Purpose						
Trust Fund		500				
Total	\$	15,495,447	\$	15,495,447		

# **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving resources to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for program costs.	\$ 20,000
Transfer from the Debt Service for Blended Compnent Units Fund Fund to the	
Capital Project for Blended Component Units Fund for operating funds.	1,900,000
Total Transfers	\$1,920,000

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

# 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	
	July 1, 2022	and Transfers	and Transfers	June 30, 2023	
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 10,055,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,055,899	
Work-in-progress	49,504,654	22,958,299	43,976,897	28,486,056	
Subtotal	59,560,553	22,958,299	43,976,897	38,541,955	
Depreciable assets:					
Improvements Sites	10,217,097	1,544,715	-	11,761,812	
Buildings	187,579,914	51,760,774	-	239,340,688	
Equipment	9,947,935	1,294,159		11,242,094	
Subtotal	207,744,946	54,599,648		262,344,594	
Totals, at cost	267,305,499	77,557,947	43,976,897	300,886,549	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Improvements Sites	(5,659,609)	(451,305)	-	(6,110,914)	
Buildings	(101,532,510)	(6,916,192)	-	(108,448,702)	
Equipment	(7,161,591)	(435,551)		(7,597,142)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(114,353,710)	(7,803,048)		(122,156,758)	
Depreciable assets, net	93,391,236	46,796,600	43,976,897	140,187,836	
Capital assets, net	\$ 152,951,789	\$ 69,754,899	\$ 43,976,897	\$ 178,729,791	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 7,319,260
Instructional library and technology	15,607
School site administration	7,803
Food services	31,211
Data processing services	23,409
Other general administration	226,288
Plant services	179,470
Total depreciation expense	\$ 7,803,048

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Special Tax Bonds: On May 16, 2012, the District issued a Special Tax Bond, Refunding Series 2012 totaling \$17,450,000. This serial bond has interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.50% maturing on August 15, 2028. As of June 30, 2023, no amounts of the refunded bonds were outstanding. In November 2022, the District prepaid the remaining balance of \$4,845,000.

In June 2015, the District issued a Special Tax Bond, Refunding Series 2015 totaling \$7,385,000. This serial bond has interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% maturing on August 15, 2029. As of June 30, 2023, no amounts of the refunded bonds were outstanding.

The annual requirements to amortize the Special Tax Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Princi	pal	Interes	st	Total	1
2024	\$	520,000	\$	137,000	\$	657,000
2025		540,000		115,800		655,800
2026		560,000		95,200		655,200
2027		580,000		75,250		655,250
2028		600,000		54,600		654,600
2029-2033		1,260,000		44,450		1,304,450
	\$	4,060,000	\$	522,300	\$	4,582,300

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: A summary of General Obligation Bonds payable as follows June 30, 2023 follows:

			Current							
				Balance		Current		Year		Balance
	Interest	Original		July 1,		Year	Re	funded &		June 30,
Series	Rate	Maturity		2022		Issuance	I	Mature d		2023
Election of 2018, Series 2019	3.5-5.0%	2049	\$	43,405,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,405,000
Election of 2018, Series 2020	3.0-5.0%	2043		100,600,000		-		970,000		99,630,000
2020 GO Bond Refunding	2.0-5.0%	2027		6,885,000		-		1,255,000		5,630,000
Totals		•	\$	150,890,000	\$	-	\$	2,225,000	\$	148,665,000

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The annual payments required to amortize the Series 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	Pri	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	2,505,000	\$	5,115,631	\$	7,620,631	
2025		2,870,000		4,981,256		7,851,256	
2026		3,270,000		4,827,756		8,097,756	
2027		2,855,000		4,674,631		7,529,631	
2028		3,245,000		4,533,306		7,778,306	
2029-2033		18,730,000		20,540,931		39,270,931	
2034-2038		30,535,000		16,752,706		47,287,706	
2039-2043		46,540,000		10,827,356		57,367,356	
2044-2048		31,955,000		3,753,684		35,708,684	
2049-2051		6,160,000		111,650		6,271,650	
	\$	148,665,000	\$	76,118,910	\$ 2	224,783,910	

In March 2019, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2018, Series 2019, in the amount of \$50,300,000. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.0%, maturing on August 1, 2047.

In May 2020, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2018, Series 2020, in the amount of \$100,600,000. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.0%, maturing on August 1, 2047. The District also issued the 2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, in the amount of \$8,135,000, for the purpose of refunding certain outstanding general obligation bond. The refunding bonds have interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, maturing on August 1, 2027.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Certificates of Participation</u>: The District issued Certificates of Participation (COPs) totaling \$4,994,311 on May 1, 2009. The COPs have an interest rate of 4.17% and mature on August 1, 2019.

The District issued Certificates of Participation (COPs) totaling \$25,967,063 on August 7, 2014. The COPs have an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% and mature on August 1, 2024.

The District issued Certificates of Participation (COPs) totaling \$24,720,000 on May 25, 2022. The COPs have an interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.00% and mature on August 1, 2032.

Year Ending							
June 30,	Prir	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	5,800,000	\$	1,299,575	\$	7,099,575	
2025		6,235,000		1,058,875		7,293,875	
2026		6,600,000		769,175		7,369,175	
2027		2,230,000		559,575		2,789,575	
2028		2,380,000		467,375		2,847,375	
2029-2033		13,510,003		1,108,000		14,618,003	
	\$	36,755,003	\$	5,262,575	\$	42,017,578	

<u>Lease Obligations</u>: The District leases equipment under five lease agreements. The annual requirement to amortize the lease obligations at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ending	Lease			
June 30,	Payments			
2024	\$	568,758		
2025		187,867		
2026		187,866		
Total		944,491		
Less amount representing interenst		(55,820)		
Present value of net minimum lease payments		888,671		

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>PG&E Energy Loan</u>: The District entered interest-free loans to replace old equipment with more energy efficient equipment. The annual requirement to amortize the energy loans at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ending	Lease	
June 30,	Payments	
2024	\$	147,688
2025		147,688
2026		145,470
2027		132,938
2028		57,102
Total	\$	630,886

<u>Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Special Tax Bonds	\$ 10,650,000	\$ -	\$ 6,590,000	\$ 4,060,000	\$ 520,000
General Obligation Bonds	150,890,000	-	2,225,000	148,665,000	2,505,000
Certificates of Participation	41,511,609	-	4,756,606	36,755,003	5,800,000
Accreted Interest	626,606	46,787	673,393	-	-
Lease Liabilities	1,441,227	-	552,555	888,672	536,481
PG&E Energy Loan (direct placement)	778,574	-	147,688	630,886	147,688
Total OPEB Liability	18,639,092	1,831,459	770,191	19,700,360	-
Net Pension Liability	62,690,000	39,040,825	-	101,730,825	-
Compensated Absences	961,439	-	236,825	724,614	-
Totals	\$ 288,188,547	\$ 40,919,071	\$ 15,952,258	\$ 313,155,360	\$ 9,509,169

Payments on the Special Tax Bonds are made from the Debt Service Fund. Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the Debt Service Fund. Payments on the lease obligations are made from the General Fund. Payments on the PG&E Energy loan are made from the General and Capital Facilities funds.

Payments on the compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

## 5. FUND BALANCES

The District reports fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54. All fund balance categories are reported in the aggregate on the face of the balance sheet. All components of those fund balances and specific purposes are identified as follows:

	General Fund	Charter School Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Revolving Cash	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Stores	-	-	-	-	23,758	23,758
Prepaid Items	151,013	_	_	-	-	151,013
Total Nonspendable	201,013	-	-	-	23,758	224,771
Restricted:						
Educator Effectiveness, FY 2021-22	1,069,016	13,144	_	_	_	1,082,160
Lottery: Instructional Materials	1,359,422	115,159	-	_	-	1,474,581
Special Education	366,192	-	_	-	-	366,192
Special Education Early Intervention Preschool Grant	852,617	-	-	-	-	852,617
Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary						
Block Grant	3,458,575	323,679	-	-	-	3,782,254
A-G Access/Success Grant	320,652	29,922	-	-	-	350,574
A-G Learning Loss Mitigation Grant	55,606	-	-	-	-	55,606
State School Facilities Projects	-	-	-	-	1,751,387	1,751,387
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant	1,880,593	6,866	-	-	-	1,887,459
Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant	2,208,220	161,968	-	-	-	2,370,188
Other Restricted State	3,848	8,923	-	-	-	12,771
Ongoing & Major Maintenance Account	249,931	-	-	-	-	249,931
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	-	35,314	-	-	-	35,314
Adult Education Program	-	-	-	-	20,390	20,390
Child Development: Center-Based Reserve Account	-	-	-	-	37,101	37,101
Child Development: ARP California State Preschool					***	24.000
Program One-time Stipend	-	-	-	-	21,000	21,000
Child Nutrition: School Programs	-	-	-	-	1,162,373	1,162,373
Child Nutrition: Kitchen Infrastructure Upgrade Funds	-	-	-	-	39,656	39,656
Child Nutrition: SNP COVID-19 Emergency					1.761	1.761
Operation Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	-	-	-	-	1,761 465,280	1,761 465,280
Child Nutrition: Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds Child Nutrition: Kitchen Infrastructure and	-	-	-	-	403,280	403,280
Training Funds - 2022 KIT Funds					758,237	758,237
Student Activity Funds	-	10.316	_	-	158,237	168,553
Other Restricted Local	3,715,079	138,767	54,951,490	27,202,079	28,368,455	114,375,870
Total Restricted	15,539,751	844,058	54,951,490	27,202,079	32,783,877	131,321,255
	10,000,701	011,020	21,721,730	27,202,079	22,703,077	151,521,255
Assigned:	1 722 715	748,959		883,280	3,081	2 269 025
Other assignments	1,732,715		·			3,368,035
Total Assigned	1,732,715	748,959	-	883,280	3,081	3,368,035
Unassigned:	2046553					2045 552
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	3,846,552					3,846,552
Total Unassigned	3,846,552				-	3,846,552
Total Fund Balances	\$ 21,320,031	\$ 1,593,017	\$ 54,951,490	\$ 28,085,359	\$ 32,810,716	\$ 138,760,613

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

### **Plan Description**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Headquarters, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

#### **State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)**

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS Headquarters, 100 Waterfront Place, West Sacramento, California 95605.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	CalP	ERS	CalSTRS		
	Prior to	On or after	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	2% @ 60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	60	62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	8%	10.25%	10.205%	
Required employer contribution rates	25.370%	25.370%	19.10%	19.10%	

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## Contributions

#### **CalPERS**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

#### **STRS**

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contributions reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

<u>CalPERS</u>		STRS		<u>Total</u>	
\$	6,237,762	\$	9,931,649	\$	16,169,411
	-		4,338,106		4,338,106
\$	6,237,762	\$	14,269,755	\$	20,507,517
		\$ 6,237,762	\$ 6,237,762 \$	\$ 6,237,762 \$ 9,931,649 - 4,338,106	\$ 6,237,762 \$ 9,931,649 \$ - 4,338,106

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2023, the District's reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans' of:

	Propo	ortionate Share	
	of Net Pension Liabili		
CalPERS	\$	47,732,656	
STRS		53,998,169	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	101,730,825	

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows:

Measurement			
Dates	Fiscal Year	CalPERS	STRS
June 30, 2021	2021-22	0.14319%	0.08725%
June 30, 2022	2022-23	0.13872%	0.07771%
Change - Increase	(Decrease)	-0.00447%	-0.00954%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,158,137. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	CalPERS		ST	rs	Total		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 6,237,762	\$ -	\$ 14,269,755	\$ -	\$ 20,507,517	\$ -	
Difference between proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions and actual contributions for 2021-22	213,277	1,393,015	1,303,815	1,785,298	1,517,092	3,178,313	
Changes of Assumptions	2,712,592	-	19,800,759	-	22,513,351	-	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	1,219,649	932,299	370,017	9,108,895	1,589,666	10,041,194	
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	1,317,389	116,402	5,794,624	7,700,196	7,112,013	7,816,598	
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,779,274	-	20,755,568	-	22,534,842	
Total	\$ 11,700,669	\$ 4,220,990	\$ 41,538,970	\$ 39,349,957	\$ 53,239,639	\$ 43,570,947	

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

# 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	CalPERS	STRS	(.	tal Deferred Outflows/ Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ 723,059	\$ (2,353,650)	\$	(1,630,591)
2025	127,131	(3,049,241)		(2,922,110)
2026	(771,758)	(5,371,572)		(6,143,330)
2027	1,163,485	382,047		1,545,532
2028	-	(292,748)		(292,748)
Thereafter		(1,395,578)		(1,395,578)
Total	\$ 1,241,917	\$ (12,080,742)	\$	(10,838,825)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	6.90%	7.10%
Inflation	2.30%	2.75%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.80%	3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	6.90%	7.10%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing morality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

STRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018, experience study adopted by the board in January 2020. STRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP–2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

## **Discount Rate**

#### **CalPERS**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. These discount rates are equal to the long-term expected rate of return of the respective plan assets and are net of investment expense but not reduced for administrative expenses.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are on the following table:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

	CalPERS		
Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%	
Global Equity Non-Cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%	
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%	
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%	
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%	0.50%	
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56%	
High Yield	5.0%	2.27%	
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48%	
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57%	
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21%	
Leverage	-5.0%	-0.59%	
	100.0%		

<sup>(</sup>a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

#### Discount Rate

#### **STRS**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases actuarially determined. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term investment rate of return assumption was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from STRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, STRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

<sup>(</sup>b) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

	STRS				
Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return <sup>(a)</sup>			
Public Equity	42.0%	4.80%			
Real Estate	15.0%	3.60%			
Private Equity	13.0%	6.30%			
Fixed Income	12.0%	1.30%			
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10.0%	1.80%			
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	3.30%			
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	-0.40%			
Total	100%				

<sup>(</sup>a) 20-year average.

# <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

			(	CalPERS		
	Disc	ount Rate - 1% (5.90%)		rent Discount ate (6.90%)	Disco	ount Rate + 1% (7.90%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	68,952,239	\$	47,732,656	\$	30,195,451
				STRS		
	Disc	ount Rate - 1% (6.10%)		rent Discount ate (7.10%)	Disco	ount Rate + 1% (8.10%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	91,708,918	\$	53,998,169	\$	22,686,909

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS and STRS comprehensive annual financial reports available on the CalPERS' and STRS' websites.

### Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2023, the District had no outstanding required contributions to the pension plans.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### **General Information About the OPEB Plan**

Plan description: The District provides post- employment health care benefits, under a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, until age 65 for certain groups of employees who retire from the District and after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of service. These postemployment health care benefit provisions are established per contractual agreement with employee groups. The District pays up to \$125 per month for health benefits of these retirees to the age of 65. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

The Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements to continue health coverage as a participant in the District's plan. The District's Governing Board has the authority to establish or amend the benefit terms offered by the Plan. The District's Governing Board also retains the authority to establish the requirements for paying the Plan benefits as they come due. As of June 30, 2022 the District has not accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's Total OPEB Liability.

	Classified*	Certificated*
Benefit types provided	Medical and dental	Medical, dental, and vision
<b>Duration of Benefits</b>	To 65**	To 65**
Required Service	15 years**	15 years**
Minimum Age	55	55**
Dependent Coverage	Yes (self-paid if above cap)	Yes (self-paid if above cap)
District Contribution %	100% up to cap	100% up to cap
District Cap	\$1,500 per year**	\$1,500 per year**

<sup>\*</sup>Non-bargained follow benefits for appropriate bargaining unit

Therefore, the \$1,500 cap applies only to retirees who waive medicla benefits and take dental and/or vision benefits only. For all other retirees, statutory minimum benefits apply regardless of the eligibility criteria shown above.

*Employees covered by benefit terms:* At June 30, 2022 valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	230
Inactive employees entitles to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	926
	1,156

<sup>\*\*</sup>Statutory minimum CalPERS contributions exceed the nominal District-paid benefit.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

### 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## **Net OPEB Liability**

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the June 30, 2022 date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Mortality Rate 2020 CalSTRS for certified employees and

2017 CalPERS Mortality tables Mortality for

Miscellaneous Employees

Discount Rate 3.65% Based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index

Retirement Rate 2017 CalSTRS Retirement Rates for school employees

Hired before 2013: 2012 CalPERS 2.0% @ 55 Rates Hired after 2012: 2012 CalPERS 2.0% @ 62 Rates

2020 CalSTRS Retirement Rates for certified employees Hired before 2013: 2020 CalPERS 2.0% @ 60 Rates

Hired after 2012: 2020 CalPERS 2.0% @ 62 Rates

Inflation rate 2.50% per year Salary Increases 2.75% per year

Medicare Coverage All current and future participating retirees will

qualify for Medicare coverage and enroll in Parta

A and B upon age 65

Health Care Inflation 4.0% per year

Termination Rate 2020 CalSTRS Termination Rates for certified

employees

2017 CalPERS Termination Rates for school

employees

Funding Method Entry Age Cost Method (Level Percentage of Pay)

The discount rate of 3.65% is based on the applicable municipal bond index. We assumed that contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 30 years. The mortality assumptions are based on the Scale MP-2020.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

## 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)								
		otal OPEB Liability (a)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)						
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	18,639,092	\$	-	\$	18,639,092			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		1,158,499		-		1,158,499			
Interest		672,960		-		672,960			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		-		-		-			
Contributions - employer		-		416,340		(416,340)			
Net investment income		-		-		-			
Changes of Assumptions		(353,851)		-		(353,851)			
Benefit payments		(416,340)		(416,340)		-			
Administrative expense				-					
Net changes		1,061,268		-		1,061,268			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	19,700,360	\$	-	\$	19,700,360			

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1%	6 Increase
		(2.65%)		(3.65%)		(4.65%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	23,182,909	\$	19,700,360	\$	16,932,259

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Hea	Ithcare Cost		
	-1% Decrease Trend Rates +1% Incre					
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	16,268,506	\$ 19,700,360		\$	24,174,135

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position:* The plan has no assets.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

# 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,092,450. As June 30, 2023, the District had the following deferred outflows and deferred inflows:

	Outf	ferred lows of ources	I	Deferred nflows of esources
Contributions made after measurement date	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	3	,803,931		4,225,662 2,955,017
Total	\$ 3	,803,931	\$	7,180,679

Below is the schedule of the total deferred outflows and inflows amortized.

Year ended June 30	Outfle	al Deferred ows/(Inflows) Resources
2024	\$	(322,669)
2025		(322,669)
2026		(322,669)
2027		(322,669)
2028		(322,669)
Thereafter		(1,763,403)
Total	\$	(3,376,748)

# Payable to the OPEB Plan

The District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **JUNE 30, 2023**

#### 9. JOINT VENTURE

Davis Joint Unified School District participates in one joint venture under joint powers agreement (JPA) with North Bay Schools Insurance Authority (NBSIA). The relationship between Davis Joint Unified School District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NBSIA arranges for and provides property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance coverage for its members. The JPA's governing board consist of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district is obligated to pay an amount commensurate with the level of coverage requested and may be subject to assessments. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years, have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year.

The most recently available audited, condensed financial information for the JPAs is as follows:

_	6	/30/2022*
Total assets	\$	89,684,884
Total Deferred Outflows		691,102
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	90,375,986
Total liabilities	\$	34,068,321
Total Deferred Inflows		717,694
Net position		55,589,971
Total Liablities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position	\$	90,375,986
-		
Total revenues	\$	30,065,437
Total expenses		29,097,313
Change in net position	\$	968,124

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent information available

Audited financial statements for the JPAs are prepared annually and can be obtained from management of the individual JPAs.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### 10. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District incurred unanticipated expenditures in excess of appropriations in expenditure classifications for which the budget was not revised.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Excess
	Ex	penditures
General Fund		
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	1,755,555
Charter School Fund		
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	304,105
Other outgo		5,131

The excess is not in accordance with Education Code 42600.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

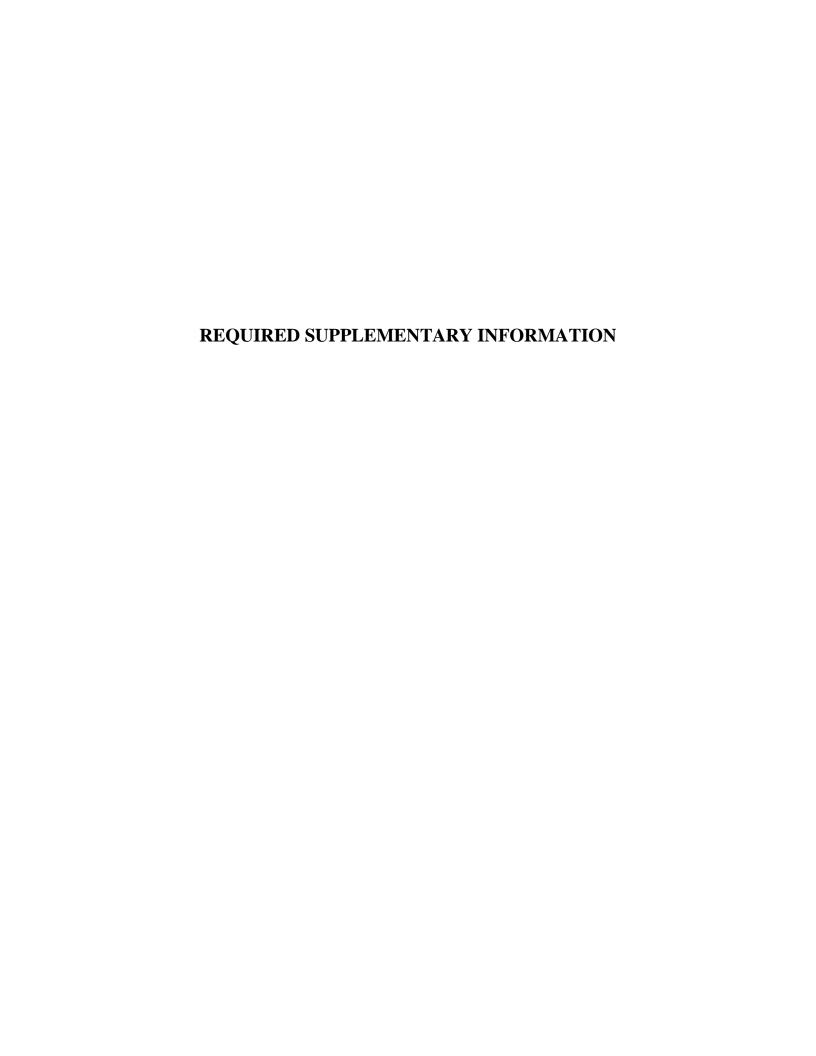
The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

Also, the District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

As of June 30, 2023, the District has approximately \$39.7 million in outstanding commitments on ongoing construction contracts.

#### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has reviewed its financial statements and evaluated subsequent events for the period of time from its year ended June 30, 2023 through March 8, 2024, the date the financial statements were issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events, other than those described above, that would require recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

## **GENERAL FUND**

	Bud	lget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Ф. 70.571.44 <i>с</i>	Φ 00 450 164	Φ 00.5.7.1.7	Φ 117.002
LCFF sources	\$ 79,571,446	\$ 82,450,164	\$ 82,567,167	\$ 117,003
Federal revenue	5,289,936	6,671,121	5,816,078	(855,043)
Other state revenues	15,141,611	19,378,785	20,095,402	716,617
Other local revenues	22,402,773	23,192,980	23,464,870	271,890
Total revenues	122,405,766	131,693,050	131,943,517	250,467
EXPENDITURES				
Certificated salaries	53,348,377	54,629,102	53,418,495	1,210,607
Classified salaries	21,132,123	23,742,963	22,986,783	756,180
Employee benefits	26,011,124	30,507,210	28,452,777	2,054,433
Books and supplies	5,574,481	4,954,320	4,551,834	402,486
Services and other operating			, ,	•
expenditures	14,761,422	14,853,431	16,608,986	(1,755,555)
Capital outlay	1,152,639	1,125,252	909,222	216,030
Other outgo	1,575,534	1,940,175	1,693,094	247,081
Total expenditures	123,555,700	131,752,453	128,621,191	3,131,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,149,934)	(59,403)	3,322,326	3,381,729
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(227, 420)	(70,000)	(20,000)	50,000
Operating transfers out	(237,439)	(70,000)	(20,000)	50,000
Contribution	3,732,046			
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,494,607	(70,000)	(20,000)	50,000
Net change in fund balances	2,344,673	(129,403)	3,302,326	3,431,729
Fund balances, July 1, 2022	18,017,705	18,017,705	18,017,705	- -
Fund balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 20,362,378	\$ 17,888,302	\$ 21,320,031	\$ 3,431,729

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

# **CHARTER SCHOOL FUND**

	Bud	lget			Fin:	iance with al Budget worable
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Un	favorable)
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 5,630,331	\$	6,331,916	\$ 6,331,916	\$	-
Other state revenues	457,021		998,064	1,017,518		19,454
Other local revenues	 51,759		106,303	 249,401		143,098
Total revenues	 6,139,111		7,436,283	 7,598,835		162,552
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries	2,562,294		2,958,205	2,862,770		95,435
Classified salaries	420,424		555,680	529,633		26,047
Employee benefits	1,239,752		1,316,333	1,225,097		91,236
Books and supplies	230,370		240,622	228,007		12,615
Services and other operating						
expenditures	1,881,378		2,015,902	2,320,007		(304,105)
Capital outlay	-		-	-		-
Other outgo	 7,778		6,198	 11,329		(5,131)
Total expenditures	6,341,996		7,092,940	7,176,843		(83,903)
Net change in fund balances	(202,885)		343,343	421,992		246,455
Fund balances, July 1, 2022	1,172,650		1,172,650	1,171,025		1,625
Fund balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 969,765	\$	1,515,993	\$ 1,593,017	\$	248,080

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY

	2023*	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,158,499	\$ 1,529,655	\$ 1,472,592	\$ 1,230,447	\$ 1,103,389	\$ 1,073,858
Interest	672,960	499,368	470,991	645,442	569,211	568,248
Changes of benefit terms	-	_	-	_	-	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(719,753)	-	(3,759,878)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(353,851)	(4,781,641)	156,207	5,131,404	825,502	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(416,340)	(458,643)	(404,183)	(397,772)	(369,456)	(355,246)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,061,268	(3,931,014)	1,695,607	2,849,643	2,128,646	1,286,860
Total OPEB liability - beginning	18,639,092	22,570,106	20,874,499	18,024,856	15,896,210	14,609,350
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$19,700,360	\$18,639,092	\$22,570,106	\$20,874,499	\$18,024,856	\$15,896,210
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 416,340	\$ 458,643	\$ 404,183	\$ 397,772	\$ 369,456	\$ 355,246
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(416,340)	(458,643)	(404,183)	(397,772)	(369,456)	(355,246)
Administrative expense						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning						
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$19,700,360	\$18,639,092	\$22,570,106	\$20,874,499	\$18,024,856	\$15,896,210
DI CI : CONTRACTO	0.007	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$64,268,514	\$73,638,544	\$75,240,572	\$58,192,882	\$48,476,376	\$45,601,512
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.7%	25.3%	30.0%	35.9%	37.2%	34.9%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. Since this is the sixth year of implementation, only results for fiscal years 2018 through 2023 are shown in this table.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

CalPERS	June 30, 2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	 June 30, 2015 (1)	 June 30, 2016 (1)	 June 30, 2017 <sup>(1)</sup>	,	June 30, 2018 (1)	,	June 30, 2019 <sup>(1)</sup>		June 30, 2020 <sup>(1)</sup>	,	June 30, 2021 <sup>(1)</sup>	June 30, 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.12890%	0.13513%	0.13284%	0.13171%		0.13672%		0.13657%		0.13506%		0.14319%	0.13872%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 14,633,660	\$ 19,918,708	\$ 26,236,458	\$ 31,442,181	\$	36,454,247	\$	39,803,079	\$	41,439,905	\$	29,116,532	\$ 47,732,656
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 13,153,419	\$ 14,864,514	\$ 13,595,003	\$ 15,018,614	\$	15,506,489	\$	17,325,359	\$	24,432,599	\$	18,561,353	\$ 19,199,708
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset)													
as a percentage of covered payroll	111.25%	134.00%	192.99%	209.35%		235.09%		229.74%		169.61%		156.87%	248.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the													
total pension liability (asset)	83.38%	79.43%	73.90%	71.87%		70.85%		70.05%		70.00%		80.97%	69.76%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$ 1,548,289	\$ 1,760,999	\$ 1,888,074	\$ 2,332,541	\$	2,800,782	\$	3,416,734	\$	5,057,548	\$	4,252,406	\$ 4,870,966
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,		June 30,		June 30,	J	June 30,		June 30,	June 30,
STRS	 <b>2014</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2015</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	 <b>2016</b> (1)	<b>2017</b> <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>2018</b> <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>2019</b> <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>2020</b> <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>2021</b> (1)	<b>2022</b> (1)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.07962%	0.08367%	0.08072%	0.07753%		0.08200%		0.07859%		0.08142%		0.08725%	0.07771%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 46,525,139	\$ 56,330,245	\$ 65,287,768	\$ 71,701,380	\$	75,360,450	\$	70,975,512	\$	78,906,111	\$	39,707,974	\$ 53,998,169
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 32,945,315	\$ 32,139,590	\$ 34,312,933	\$ 35,823,216	\$	38,687,869	\$	40,214,795	\$	49,354,186	\$	52,902,470	\$ 45,068,806
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset)		,,											
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	141.22%	175.27%	190.27%	200.15%		194.79%		176.49%		159.88%		75.06%	119.81%
•	141.22%	, ,	190.27%	200.15%		194.79%		176.49%		159.88%		75.06%	119.81%
as a percentage of covered payroll	141.22% 76.52%	, ,	190.27% 70.04%	200.15% 69.46%		194.79% 70.99%		176.49% 72.56%		159.88% 71.82%		75.06% 87.21%	119.81% 81.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. This is the measurement date of the actuary report.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based.

The Plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions may not match the actual contributions made by the employer during the measurement period. The Plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions is based on the Plan's proportion of fiduciary net position as well as any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer during the measurement period.

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

CalPERS	Fiscal Year 2014-15 (1)	Fiscal Year 2015-16 (1)	Fiscal Year 2016-17 (1)	Fiscal Year 2017-18 (1)	Fiscal Year 2018-19 (1)	Fiscal Year 2019-20 (1)	Fiscal Year 2020-21 (1)	Fiscal Year 2021-22 (1)	Fiscal Year 2022-23 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2)	\$ 1,548,289	\$ 1,760,999	\$ 1,888,074	\$ 2,332,541	\$ 2,800,782	\$ 3,416,734	\$ 5,057,548	\$ 4,252,406	\$ 4,870,966
Contributions in relation to the contractually									
required contribution (2)	(1,759,547)	(1,888,245)	(2,331,676)	(2,807,154)	(3,420,427)	(3,850,421)	(4,262,607)	(4,984,610)	(6,237,762)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (211,258)	\$ (127,246)	\$ (443,602)	\$ (474,613)	\$ (619,645)	\$ (433,687)	\$ 794,941	\$ (732,204)	\$ (1,366,796)
Covered payroll (3)	\$ 13,153,419	\$ 14,864,514	\$ 13,595,003	\$ 15,018,614	\$ 15,506,489	\$ 17,325,359	\$ 24,432,599	\$ 18,561,353	\$ 19,199,708
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll (3)	11.771%	11.847%	13.888%	15.531%	18.062%	19.721%	20.700%	22.910%	25.370%
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
STRS	Fiscal Year 2014-15 (1)	Fiscal Year 2015-16 (1)	Fiscal Year 2016-17 (1)	Fiscal Year 2017-18 (1)	Fiscal Year 2018-19 (1)	Fiscal Year 2019-20 (1)	Fiscal Year 2020-21 (1)	Fiscal Year 2021-22 (1)	Fiscal Year 2022-23 (1)
STRS  Contractually required contribution (2)									
	<b>2014-15</b> (1)	<b>2015-16</b> (1)	<b>2016-17</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2017-18</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2018-19</b> (1)	<b>2019-20</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2020-21</b> (1)	2021-22 (1)	2022-23 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2)	<b>2014-15</b> (1)	<b>2015-16</b> (1)	<b>2016-17</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2017-18</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2018-19</b> (1)	<b>2019-20</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2020-21</b> (1)	2021-22 (1)	2022-23 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the contractually	<b>2014-15</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 2,925,544	<b>2015-16</b> (1) \$ 3,448,578	<b>2016-17</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 4,316,567	<b>2017-18</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 5,169,290	<b>2018-19</b> (1) \$ 6,298,385	<b>2019-20</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 6,876,730	<b>2020-21</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 7,970,701	<b>2021-22</b> (1) \$ 8,951,098	\$ 8,608,142
Contractually required contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (2)	2014-15 <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 2,925,544 (3,409,992)	2015-16 <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 3,448,578 (4,281,476)	2016-17 (1) \$ 4,316,567 (5,196,394)	<b>2017-18</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 5,169,290 (6,248,751)	2018-19 (1) \$ 6,298,385 (7,183,395)	<b>2019-20</b> <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 6,876,730 (7,445,584)	<b>2020-21</b> (1) \$ 7,970,701 (7,647,404)	2021-22 <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 8,951,098 (7,384,394)	2022-23 <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 8,608,142 (9,931,649)

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

<sup>(2)</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the contractually required contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the contractually required contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based.

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

# A - <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and</u> Actual - General Fund and Charter School Fund

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund and the Charter School Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

## B - Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Total OPEB liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10- year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available. The District has not accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms: There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

Changes of Assumptions: The changes in assumptions for the total OPEB liability included a change in the discount rate, from 3.54% to 3.65% in the June 30, 2022 and 2023 actuarial report to actuarial reports, respectively.

Mortality Rate 2020 CalSTRS for certified employees and

2017 CalPERS Mortality tables Mortality for

Miscellaneous Employees

Discount Rate 3.65% Based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index
Retirement Rate 2017 CalSTRS Retirement Rates for school employees
Hired before 2013: 2012 CalPERS 2.0% @55 Rates

Hired after 2012: 2012 CalPERS 2.0% @62 Rates

2020 CalSTRS Retirement Rates for certified employees Hired before 2013: 2020 CalPERS 2.0% @ 60 Rates Hired after 2012: 2020 CalPERS 2.0% @ 62 Rates

Inflation rate 2.50% per year Salary Increases 2.75% per year

Medicare Coverage All current and future participating retirees will

qualify for Medicare coverage and enroll in Parta

A and B upon age 65

Health Care Inflation 4.0% per year

Termination Rate 2020 CalSTRS Termination Rates for certified

employees

2017 CalPERS Termination Rates for school

employees

Funding Method Entry Age Cost Method (Level Percentage of Pay)

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

# C - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

## Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed for CalPERS from 7.15% to 6.90%. The inflation rate for CalPERS changed from 2.50% to 2.30%. The payroll growth rate for CalPERS changed from 2.75% to 2.80%. There were no changes in assumptions for CalSTRS..

#### Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalPERS and CalSTRS.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

#### D - Schedule of Pension Contributions

If an employer's contributions to the plans are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plans (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	6.90%	7.10%
Inflation	2.30%	2.75%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.80%	3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	6.90%	7.10%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.



# **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**

# **ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS**

# **JUNE 30, 2023**

ASSETS	A	tudent .ctivity Fund	Adult ducation Fund	Dev	Child velopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Capital Projects for Blended Component Units Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service for Blended Component Units Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Stores inventory	\$	168,589 - - -	\$ 39,216 330,857 43,977	\$	80,588 219,950 130,924	\$ 2,026,225 1,083,188 1,153,025 23,758	\$ 2,529,011 - 2,800,894 -	\$ 8,698,268 - - -	\$ 1,576,175 13,536 1,902,248	\$ 7,801,701 - - -	\$ 10,060,374 - - -	\$ 32,980,147 1,647,531 6,031,068 23,758
Total Assets	\$	168,589	\$ 414,050	\$	431,462	\$ 4,286,196	\$ 5,329,905	\$ 8,698,268	\$ 3,491,959	\$ 7,801,701	\$ 10,060,374	\$ 40,682,504
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 19,929	\$	16,822	\$ 234,120	\$ 472,185	\$ -	\$ 116,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 859,535
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		-	206,984		205,518 55,377	1,541,302 22,630	 1,165,811 -	<u>-</u>	1,914,631	<u>-</u>	1,900,000	6,934,246 78,007
Total Liabilities			 226,913		277,717	1,798,052	 1,637,996		2,031,110		1,900,000	7,871,788
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		-	-		-	23,758	-	-	-	-	-	23,758
Restricted		168,589	185,771		152,030	2,464,386	3,691,909	8,698,268	1,460,849	7,801,701	8,160,374	32,783,877
Assigned		-	1,366		1,715		 -					3,081
Total Fund Balances		168,589	187,137		153,745	2,488,144	 3,691,909	8,698,268	1,460,849	7,801,701	8,160,374	32,810,716
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	168,589	\$ 414,050	\$	431,462	\$ 4,286,196	\$ 5,329,905	\$ 8,698,268	\$ 3,491,959	\$ 7,801,701	\$ 10,060,374	\$ 40,682,504

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# **ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS**

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Capital Projects for Blended Component Units Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service for Blended Component Units Fund	Total
REVENUES										
Federal revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,525,815	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,525,815
Other state revenues	-	487,015	518,135	3,360,341	-	5,680,785	-	45,895	-	10,092,171
Other local revenues	305,443	266,158	471,614	226,462	1,729,334	275,392	35,697	8,484,534	10,677,389	22,472,023
Total revenues	305,443	753,173	989,749	6,112,618	1,729,334	5,956,177	35,697	8,530,429	10,677,389	35,090,009
EXPENDITURES										
Certificated salaries	-	369,623	319,312	-	-	-	-	-	-	688,935
Classified salaries	-	129,499	281,895	1,599,453	-	-	953,329	-	-	2,964,176
Employee benefits	-	166,795	205,878	607,017	-	-	391,359	-	-	1,371,049
Books and supplies	173,574	33,090	23,997	1,949,043	285,132	-	6,340	-	-	2,471,176
Services and other operating										
expenditures	154,900	58,555	18,594	97,626	161,795	-	367,337	-	-	858,807
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	2,870,878	8,312,256	613,617	-	-	11,796,751
Other outgo	-	41,585	58,466	122,177	100,844	-	-	-	-	323,072
Debt service expenditures										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,225,000	11,346,607	13,571,607
Interest				-	-		-	5,235,331	2,102,728	7,338,059
Total expenditures	328,474	799,147	908,142	4,375,316	3,418,649	8,312,256	2,331,982	7,460,331	13,449,335	41,383,632
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(23,031)	(45,974	81,607	1,737,302	(1,689,315)	(2,356,079)	(2,296,285)	1,070,098	(2,771,946)	(6,293,623)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfers in	_	_	_	20,000	_	_	1,900,000	_	_	1,920,000
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	(1,900,000)	(1,900,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	20,000	-		1,900,000		(1,900,000)	20,000
Net change in fund balances	(23,031)	(45,974	81,607	1,757,302	(1,689,315)	(2,356,079)	(396,285)	1,070,098	(4,671,946)	(6,273,623)
Fund balances, July 1, 2022	191,620	233,111	72,138	730,842	5,381,224	11,054,347	1,857,134	6,731,603	12,832,320	39,084,339
Fund balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 168,589	\$ 187,137	\$ 153,745	\$ 2,488,144	\$ 3,691,909	\$ 8,698,268	\$ 1,460,849	\$ 7,801,701	\$ 8,160,374	\$ 32,810,716

#### **ORGANIZATION**

## **JUNE 30, 2023**

Davis Joint Unified School District was established on July 1, 1962 and comprises an area located in Solano and Yolo Counties. There were no changes in District boundaries during the current year. The District covers an area of approximately 15 square miles. The District operated nine elementary schools (three TK-6, five K-6, and one K-3 grades schools), three junior high schools (grades 7-9), one comprehensive high school (grades 10-12), and one dependent charter school (grades 7-12). The District also operated an independent study program, a continuation high school, an adult education school, a preschool program, and a teacher credentialing program.

#### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Name	Office	Term Expires  December
Elizabeth Moon	President	2026
Joe DiNunzio	Vice-President/Clerk	2026
Lea Darrah	Trustee	2024
Cecilia Escamilla Greenwald	Trustee	2027
Hiram Jackson	Trustee	2026

## **ADMINISTRATION**

Matthew Best Superintendent

Rody Boonchouy, Ed.D. Associate Superintendent, Instructional Services

Julie Corona, Ed.D Associate Superintendent, Administrative Services

Laura Juanitas Associate Superintendent, Student Support Services

Amari Watkins Associate Superintendent, Business Services

#### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Revised Second Period Report*	Revised Second Period Report**	Annual Report
<u>District</u>				
TK through Third	2,198.71	2,199.08	2,199.64	2,211.17
Fourth through Sixth	1,667.62	1,668.23	1,668.59	1,673.63
Seventh through Eighth	1,035.64	1,035.64	1,037.74	1,038.01
Ninth through Twelfth	2,297.27	2,297.19	2,301.49	2,296.34
Total	7,199.24	7,200.14	7,207.46	7,219.15
	Second Period Report	Annual Report		
Charter School				
Seventh through Eighth	213.26	211.93		
Ninth through Twelfth	348.05	346.06		

<sup>\*</sup> The revision to the Second Period Report of Attendance was not the result of the audit.

Total

561.31

557.99

<sup>\*\*</sup> On February 24, 2024, the California Department of Education approved the District's Request for Allowance of Attendance Due to Emergency Conditions (Fiscal Year 2022–23), Form J-13A due to circumstances that resulted in a material decrease in attendance on September 22, 2022 for the following sites: Fairfield Elementary School, Marguerite Montgomery Elementary School, North Davis Elementary School, Ralph Waldo Emerson Junior High School, Frances Ellen Watkins Harper Junior High School, Oliver Wendell Holmes Junior High School, and Davis Senior High School.

## SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grade Level	Standard Minutes Requirement	2022-23 Actual Minutes	Instructional	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	In compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,565	180	In compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,565	180	In compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,565	180	In compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,585	180	In compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,585	180	In compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,585	180	In compliance
Grade 7	54,000	65,410	180	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	65,410	180	In compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,410	180	In compliance
Grade 10	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance
Grade 11	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance
Grade 12	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance
Classroom-based Cha	rter School			
Grade 7	54,000	65,800	180	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	65,800	180	In compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,800	180	In compliance
Grade 10	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance
Grade 11	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance
Grade 12	64,800	64,800	180	In compliance

#### SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Charter School ID Number	Charter Schools Chartered by the District	Included in the District Financial Statements, or Separate Report
1079	Da Vinci Charter Academy	Included in the District's Financial Statements as the Charter
		School Fund

## RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Stude nt Activity Fund	Charter School Fund	Cafeteria Fund Fund
FUND BALANCE				
Balance, June 30, 2023, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 21,332,714	\$ 339,046	\$ 1,595,098	\$ 2,498,931
Decrease in:				
To adjust cash balances due to error	(12,683)	(170,457)	-	-
To adjust store inventory	-	-	-	(10,787)
To agree beginning net position to prior year audit			(2,081)	
Balance, June 30, 2023, Audited Financial Statements	\$ 21,320,031	\$ 168,589	\$ 1,593,017	\$ 2,488,144

There were no adjustments to any other funds of the District.

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Assistance Listing Number	Grantor and Program Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditure
U.S. Departm	ent of Education			
Passed throu	gh California Department of Education			
04.40511	Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster			
84.425U	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	10155	* \$	624,060
84.425	Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve,	10133	Ψ	024,000
	Emergency Needs	15620	*	141,723
84.425U	Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve,			
	Learning Loss	15621	*	784,086
84.425	American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	15566	*	15,89
	Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster			1,565,76
	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
84.027	Special Education: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement,			
	Part B, Section 611	13379	*	1,740,78
84.027	Special Education: IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611,	10115	-1-	12.62
84.173	Private School ISPs  Special Ed. IDEA Preschool Crents, Port P. Section 610 (Age 2.4.5)	10115	*	13,62
84.173 84.027A	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5) Special Ed: IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	13430		29,11
04.027A	Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	15197	*	94,14
84.173A	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	13431	*	34
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,878,01
84.010	ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	14329	*	928,93
84.048	Perkins Career and Technical Education Improvement Act of 2006 Rural			,
	Community Equipment Grants	15294		44,38
84.367	ESEA (ESSA): Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	14341		207,61
84.365	ESEA (ESSA): Title III, Immigrant Student Program	15146		7,42
84.365	ESEA (ESSA): Title III, English Learner Student Program	14346		103,06
	Total U.S. Department of Education			4,735,20
	ent of Agriculture			
	gh California Department of Education			
10.579	Child Nutrition: NSLP Equipment Assistance Grants	14906		53,90
10.555	Child Nutrition: School Programs (NSL Sec 11)	13524	-	2,208,85
	Subtotal Cash Assistance		_	2,262,75
10.555	School Lunch Program - Nonmonetary Assistance	13524		263,05
	Subtotal Non-Cash Assistance			263,05
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,525,81
U.S. Departm	ent of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency Management Agency			
	gh California Governor's Office of Emergency Services			
97.036	Public Assistance Grants	10014		1,080,870
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency Man	nagement Agenc	ey -	
	Total Federal Programs	· ·	\$	8,341,893
	Total Pederal Frograms		φ	0,5+1,69

<sup>\*</sup> Tested as a major program.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Adopted Budget 023/2024	2	Actuals 2022/2023	2	Actuals 021/2022		Actuals 020/2021
General Fund								
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 1	123,136,216	\$	131,943,517	\$	120,875,711	\$ 1	18,129,430
Expenditures Other Uses and Transfers Out		128,144,126 70,000		128,621,191 20,000		117,374,480 370,000		11,549,607 1,428,142
Total Outgo		128,214,126		128,641,191		117,744,480	1	12,977,749
Change in Fund Balance		(5,077,910)		3,302,326		3,131,231		5,151,681
Ending Fund Balance	\$	9,213,520	\$	14,291,430	\$	10,989,104	\$	7,857,873
Available Reserves	\$	3,846,424	\$	3,859,235	\$	3,520,254	\$	3,376,401
Designated for Economic Uncertainties	\$	3,846,424	\$	3,859,235	\$	3,520,254	\$	3,376,401
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo		3.0%		3.0%		3.0%		3.0%
All Funds								
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3	303,646,191	\$	313,155,360	\$	296,010,554	\$ 3	339,114,020
Average Daily Attendance at P-2 (District only)		7,164		7,207		7,207		7,637

The general fund balance has increased by \$11,585,238 over the past three years. Fiscal year 2023-24 projects a decrease of \$5,077,910. For a District this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The District met this requirement.

The District has incurred an operating surplus in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during fiscal year 2023-2024.

Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$25,958,660 over the past two years primarily due to principal payments towards the District General Obligation and Capital Leases and changes in the Net Pension Liability and OPEB.

Average Daily Attendance (ADA) has decreased by 430 over the past two years. The District anticipates a decrease in the fiscal year 2023-24.

#### NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1. PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### A. Schedule Of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **B.** Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206. Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the State's standard requirements as required by Education Code Section 46201(b).

#### C. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the District and is presented under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The May 2023 Edition of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with the Uniform Guidance and state requirements. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1. PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides information necessary to reconcile the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

#### E. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

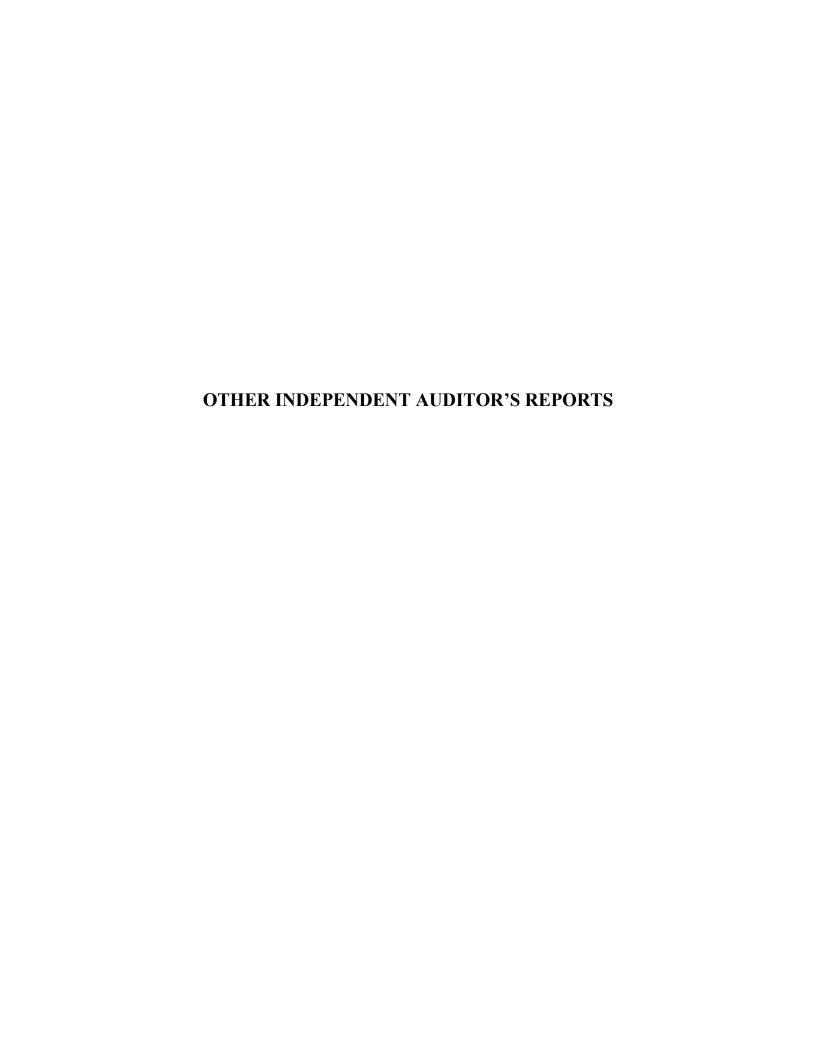
This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### F. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

#### 2. EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosures in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District has not adopted such a program.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Davis Joint Unified School District Davis, California

#### **Report on Compliance**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the Davis Joint Unified School District (the "District") compliance with the requirements specified in the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

As described in Finding 2023-01 in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Finding, Davis Joint Unified School District did not comply with requirements regarding School Accountability Report Card. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Davis Joint Unified School District to comply with state laws and regulations applicable to that program.

#### Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Davis Joint Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other State Programs

In our opinion, Davis Joint Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the other applicable state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2023. In our opinion, Davis Joint Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary
  in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

## **Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools**

Description	Procedures Performed
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	
General Requirements	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	No, see below
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive Program	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	No, see below
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education and Ch	arter Schools
	Procedures
Description	Performed
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before Schools Education and Safety Program	
General requirements After School	Yes Yes
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	No, see below
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	No, see below
TD 1/2 1 177 1	***

Transitional Kindergarten

Yes

#### **Charter Schools**

Description	Procedures Performed
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive, Juvenile Court Schools, Middle or Early College High Schools, Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction, District of Choice, After/Before Schools Education and Safety Program, and Independent Study-Course Based because the District does not offer these programs.

We did not perform any procedures related to Continuation Education as the ADA was below the materiality threshold.

We did not perform any procedures related to California Clean Energy Jobs Act because the District already completed all projects in the past.

We did not perform any procedures related to Immunizations as none of the District's schools appeared on the lists of schools that did not submit immunization assessment reports to the California Department of Public Health or those that reported combined conditional admission and overdue rates greater than 10 percent in kindergarten and in 7th grade.

We did not perform any procedures related to Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study, Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction, and Charter School Facility Grant Program because the Charter School does not offer these programs.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2023-01.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance

requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

March 8, 2024

# James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Accounting, Auditing, Consulting, and Tax

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Davis Joint Unified School District Davis, CA

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Davis Joint Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2024.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

James Marta + Company LLP

Sacramento, California

March 8, 2024



## James Marta & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Davis Joint Unified School District Davis, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Davis Joint Unified School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the May 2023 Edition of the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of the May 2023 Edition of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

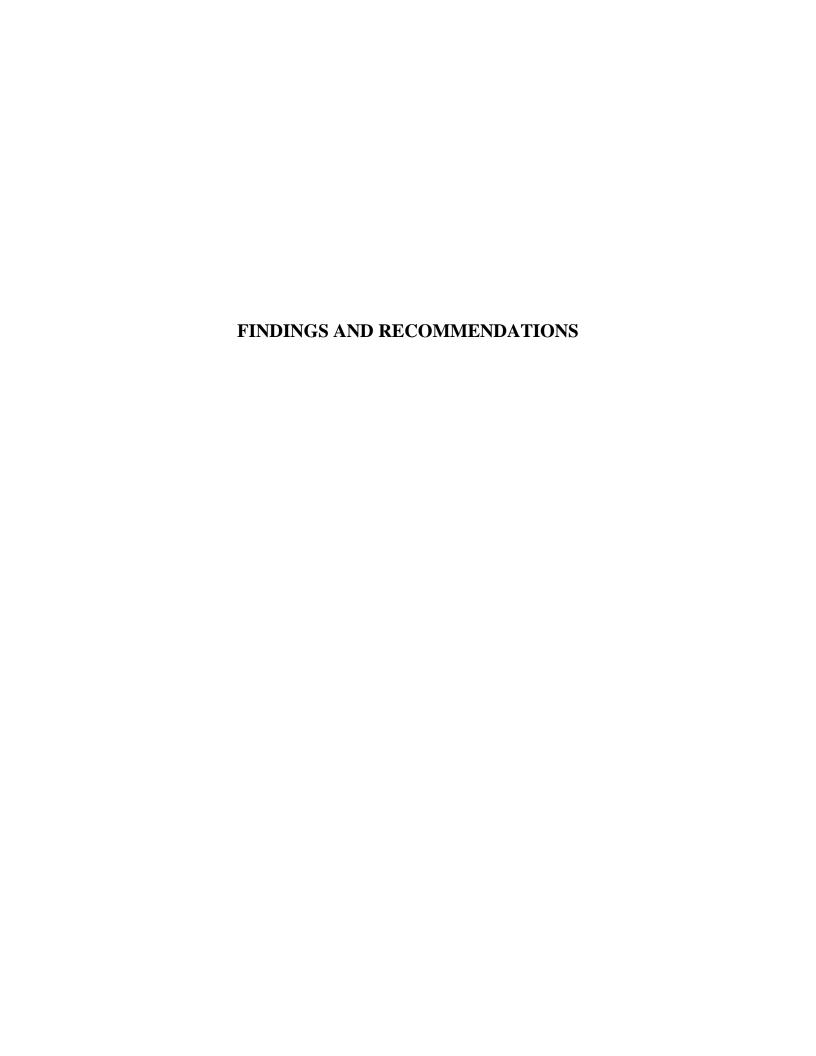
We have audited the financial statements of Davis Joint Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

James Marta + Company LLP

Sacramento, California

March 8, 2024



## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Section I – Summary of Audit Results**

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidan Section 200.516(a)?	Yes X No
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s)  84.425, 84.425U  84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A  84.010	Name of Federal Program or Cluster  Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster  Special Education Cluster  Title I, Part A
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No
State Awards	
Internal control over state programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No X Yes None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

No matters were reported.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

No matters were reported.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

## 2023-01 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY- State Compliance - School Accountability Report Card (72000)

#### Criteria:

Annually each school site must prepare a School Accountability Report Card (SARC) that includes complaints related to teacher misassignment or vacancies, facility inspection, sufficiency of instructional materials.

#### **Condition:**

There is an inconsistency between Facility Inspection Tool and School Accountability Report Card report in the following sites: Davis Senior High School, DaVinci Charter Academy - High School, Emerson Junior High School, Patwin Elementary School, and Cesar Chavez Elementary School. The overall rating of Facility Inspection Tool and School Accountability Report Card report did not match for all five sites. The site calculated as Excellent, but the SARC showed Good.

#### **Context:**

We performed the audit procedures enumerated in the State of California 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting and identified errors. For example, the Davis HS Fit report items all rated as good so based on rating the result should be Exemplary, however on the SARC Davis HS was only rated as Good. For Emerson Junior High School, the FIT report reflected the Structural category rating is good, however; on the SARC report it has a rating of fair.

#### **Effect:**

Misleading information to the user.

#### Cause:

Those preparing the SARC should be adequately trained on the completion and the SARC should be sufficiently reviewed.

#### **Recommendations:**

The district should review the FIT report before it gets embedded into the SARC report and make sure it is correct before getting published for the users.

#### **Corrective Action Plan:**

The district will review and record the FIT report before it gets embedded into the SARC report.

#### STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## 2022-001 MATERIAL WEAKNESS – FINANCIAL REPORTING/CASH IN COUNTY TREASURY (30000)

#### **Criteria:**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, the District assesses the market to book value of Cash in County Treasury at June 30, 2022.

#### **Condition:**

The District's controls over financial reporting failed to detect the GASB No. 31 fair market value adjustment was recorded incorrectly. As a result, the District financial position was overstated by \$8,817,926.

#### **Recommendation**:

The District's internal control procedures related to financial close and financial reporting should include procedures to ensure journal entries are recorded correctly. Financial review procedures should be enhanced to ensure financial results of the District are accurate.

#### **Status:**

Implemented.

#### STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 2022-002 DEFICIENCY - STATE COMPLIANCE - ATTENDANCE (10000)

#### Criteria:

Attendance Accounting and Reporting in California Public Schools, Title 5, CCR, Sections 401 and 421 (b) and Education Code Sections 44809 - Each LEA must develop and maintain accurate and adequate records to support attendance reported to the State.

#### **Condition:**

The District did not report ADA for Students in Continuation Education included in Section A, Grades 9-12 only on line B-6 and did not appropriately classify students grade on the Extended Year Special Education [E.C. 56345(b)(3)] on line A-2 of the Second Period and Annual Reports of Attendance.

#### **Recommendation:**

The District should submit revised P2 and Annual reports.

#### **Status:**

Implemented.